UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI SOUTHERN DIVISION

MICHAEL McCOY PLAINTIFF

V.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:06cv4-LTS-RHW

STATE FARM FIRE AND CASUALTY COMPANY

DEFENDANT

ORDER

There are several motions *in limine* pending in this matter. They are similar to those filed by this Defendant in previous cases set for trial in this Court. This order addresses the two motions aimed at [36] precluding testimony or evidence relating to the interpretation of insurance policy provisions or principles of Mississippi law; and [35] excluding evidence, testimony, or argument with respect to Mississippi Department of Insurance (MDI) bulletins dealing generally with the adjustment of claims following Hurricane Katrina, and specifically correspondence between the Insurance Department and the Defendant. The rulings herein are consistent with those in the prior cases referred to above.

As previously observed [32], Plaintiff's cause of action at its core is based on an alleged breach of contract. Plaintiff also asserts that he is entitled to punitive and/or extra-contractual damages due to the Defendant's alleged bad faith conduct in handling and denying his claim.

The underlying basis for [36] Defendant's motion to exclude evidence concerning the interpretation of policy provisions is that this testimony constitutes a legal conclusion and invades the province of the Court in instructing the jury. The [35] MDI bulletins and correspondence have the potential of being used for impeachment purposes, depending on Defendant's use of the Insurance Commissioner's role in any defense that may be raised to justify its position or conduct.

It is difficult to envision a breach of an insurance contract suit without consideration of the policy provisions or the procedure utilized in handling the claim. *See, e.g., Richards v. Allstate Insurance Co.*, 693 F.2d 502 (5th Cir. 1982); *Eichenseer v. Reserve Life Insurance Co.*, 682 F. Supp. 1355 (N.D. Miss. 1988), *aff'd*, 881 F.2d 1355 (5th Cir. 1989), *vacated on other grounds*, 499 U.S. 914 (1991); *Independent Life & Accident Insurance Co. v. Peavy*, 528 So. 2d 1112 (Miss. 1988); *Standard Life Insurance Company of Indiana v. Veal*, 354 So. 2d 239 (Miss. 1977). This would be the case even if punitive or extra-contractual damages were not sought.

This Court agrees that independent expert testimony concerning the interpretation of

policy provisions is not appropriate. The interpretation of policy provisions is an issue of law and is within the province of the Court, not the jury. However, the Plaintiff will be allowed to introduce evidence concerning the manner in which Defendant handled this claim (keeping in mind that the Court will instruct the jury on the applicable law), whether that relates to the policy provisions or the procedure adopted by Defendant in applying them (and what was done and not done in seeking guidance in that process).

The MDI bulletins and related correspondence are not admissible unless the Defendant responded to them in one manner and acted in another, or unless the Defendant raises reliance on the MDI bulletins for other purposes. For example, when responding to Defendant's [25] Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, Plaintiff pointed to a Wind/Water Protocol adopted by Defendant shortly following Katrina, and the application of an improper standard to his loss, a standard which is inconsistent with the terms of the policy. These documents, and similar documents prepared or used by the Defendant in adjusting or evaluating the Plaintiff's claim, may be admissible, assuming the Plaintiff establishes the proper evidentiary predicate.

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED:

Defendant's Motions [35] and [36] *in limine* are **GRANTED IN PART** and **DENIED IN PART**, consistent with the above comments. Expert testimony concerning the proper interpretation of policy provisions will be excluded; MDI bulletins and related correspondence will be excluded unless Defendant acted inconsistently with respect to its responses or unless the Defendant raises reliance on the bulletins or other matters associated with the MDI.

SO ORDERED this the 9th day of May, 2007.

s/ <u>L. T. Senter,</u> Jr. L. T. SENTER, JR. SENIOR JUDGE